# IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Iola, Texas

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended August 31, 2019



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

TAMED OF LIGHTOPY OF CONTON	PAGE	EXHIBIT NC
INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	4	
Certificate of Board	4	
FINANCIAL SECTION:		
Independent Auditors' Report		
Management's Discussion and Analysis	8	
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-Wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	13	A-1
Statement of Activities	14	B-1
Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15	C-1
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds - Balance		
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	16	C-1R
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and		
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17	C-2
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,		
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to		
the Statement of Activities	18	C-3
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	19	E-1
Notes to the Financial Statements	20	
Required Supplementary Information:		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule:		
General Fund	45	G-1
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net		
Pension Liability - Teacher Retirement System	46	G-2
Schedule of the District Contributions - Teacher Retirement System	47	G-3
District's Proportionate Share of OPEB Liability and District's		
OPEB Contributions	48	G-4
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	49	
Combining Statements and Budget Comparisons as		
Supplementary Information:		
Special Revenue Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	51	H-1
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes		
in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	53	H-2
Other Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	55	J-1
Budgetary Comparison Schedules Required by		
the Texas Education Agency:		
National School Breakfast and Lunch Program		J-2
Debt Service Fund	58	J-3
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting		
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial		
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards		
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs		
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings		
Corrective Action Plan		
Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School First Indicators	64	L-1



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

# IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATE OF BOARD August 31, 2019

Iola Independent School District	Grimes	093-903
Name of School District	County	CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attach district were reviewed and (check one)August 31, 2019, at a meeting of the Board November, 2019.	approved di	sapproved for the year ended
Signature of Board Secretary	Si	gnature of Board President
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the a (attach list as necessary)	auditors' report, the reason	n(s) for disapproving it is (are):

FINANCIAL SECTION





### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Iola Independent School District Iola, Texas

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Iola Independent School District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, major fund budgetary comparison information, and District's pension and OPEB schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, other supplementary information, and the schedule of required responses to selected school first indicators, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and the schedule of required responses to selected school first indicators have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 19, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lufkin, Texas November 19, 2019

187

w.axleyrode.com

CERTIFY PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The purpose of the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities of Iola Independent School District (the "District") for the year ending August 31, 2019. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the District's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$1,273,081 as of August 31, 2019.
- For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the District's general fund reported a total fund balance of \$1,869,874, all of which is unassigned.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds (the general fund plus all state and federal grant funds and debt service fund) reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,446,079.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual financial report consists of several parts - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary fund* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the fiduciary resources belong. This fund includes student activity funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The notes to the financial statements are followed by a section entitled *Required Supplementary Information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the District as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the District's financial statements, report information on the District's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the District. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's tax base, staffing patterns, enrollment, and attendance, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the District.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows - the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities include the following class of activities:

• Governmental Activities - Most of the District's basic services such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, general administration, and plant operation and maintenance are included in *governmental activities*. Locally assessed property taxes, together with State foundation program entitlements, which are based upon student enrollment and attendance, finance most of the governmental activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are simply accounting devices that are used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- > Some funds are required by State law and other funds are mandated by bond agreements or bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees (the "Board) establishes other funds to control and manage money set aside for particular purposes or to show that the District is properly using certain taxes and grants
- Other funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a custodial capacity these assets do not belong to the District, but the District is responsible to properly account for them.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- *Fiduciary Funds* The District serves as the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds such as student activity and various trust funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its governmental operations.

# Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's combined net position was \$1,273,081 at year end. *Table 1* focuses on net position while *Table 2* shows the revenues and expenses that changed the net position balance during the year. The District reported an increase of \$971,166 in net position from the prior year, including the prior period adjustment.

# Table 1 The District's Net Position

	GOVERNMENTAL					TOTAL	PERCENT
	ACTIVITIES				_	CHANGE	CHANGE
	_	2019	_	2018	_	2019 - 2018	2019 - 2018
Current and other assets	\$	2 818 189	\$	1 555 424	\$	1 262 765	82%
Capital and long-term assets	_	11 332 038	_	11 848 325	_	(516 287)	(4)%
TOTAL ASSETS		14 150 227		13 403 749		746 478	6%
Deferred charge on refunding		289 018		303 469		(14 451)	(5)%
Deferred outflows - Pension		865 524		409 461		456 063	111%
Deferred outflows - OPEB	_	268 694	_	26 988	_	241 706	896%
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	_	1 423 236		739 918		683 318	92%
Current liabilities		557 286		204 269		353 017	173%
Long term liabilities		12 939 233		12 839 714		99 519	0.78%
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	13 496 519		13 043 983		452 536	3%
Deferred inflows - Pensions		196 602	_	134 603		61 999	46%
Deferred inflows - OPEB	_	607 261	_	663 166	_	(55 905)	(8)%
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	_	803 863		797 769		6 094	1%
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets		2 321 056		1 455 259		865 797	59%
Restricted		576 205		428 199		148 006	35%
Unrestricted		(1 624 140)		(1 581 543)		(42 637)	59%
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1 273 081	\$	301 915	\$	971 166	322%

# Table 2 Changes in Net Position

		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				TOTAL CHANGE	PERCENT CHANGE
	_	2019		2018		2019 - 2018	2019 - 2018
Revenues:	_				-		
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	185 838	\$	191 470	\$	(5 632)	(3)%
Operating grants and contributions		799 304		(385 659)		1 184 963	(307)%
General Revenues:							
Property taxes		4 037 126		3 696 244		340 882	9%
Grants and contributions not restricted for							
specific programs		2 037 663		1 619 209		418 454	26%
Investment earnings		43 970		15 053		28 917	192%
Other revenues	_	66 406	_	133 914		(67 508)	(50)%
TOTAL REVENUES	-	7 170 307		5 270 231		1 900 076	36%
Expenses:							
Instruction		3 366 504		2 052 125		1 314 379	64%
Instructional resources and media services		61 810		34 127		27 683	81%
Curriculum/instructional staff development		53 949		76 086		$(22\ 137)$	(29)%
School leadership		287 143		263 030		24 113	9%
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		101 695		-		101 695	- %
Health services		55 974		38 373		17 601	46%
Student transportation		245 659		26 442		219 217	829%
Food services		342 553		210 728		131 825	63%
Extracurricular activities		348 080		253 520		94 560	37%
General administration		349 983		349 729		254	- %
Plant maintenance and operations		596 292		243 215		353 077	145%
Security and monitoring services		51 183		535 918		(484 735)	(90)%
Data processing services		18 766		54 751		(35 985)	(66)%
Community services		-		18 389		(18 389)	(100)%
Debt service - Interest		253 555		263 581		(10 026)	(4)%
Bond issuance costs and fees		900		-		900	- %
Payments to fiscal agent/member districts of SSA		43 037		58 709		(15 672)	(27)%
Other intergovernmental charges		109 899		112 695		(2 796)	(2)%
TOTAL EXPENSES	_	6 286 982	_	4 591 418		1 695 564	37%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		883 325		678 813	\$	204 512	30%
Beginning net position	_	301 915	_	(376 898)			
Prior period adjustment		87 841		-			
BEGINNING NET POSITION, RESTATED	-	389 759	_	(376 898)	-		
ENDING NET POSITION	\$	1 273 081	- \$ -	301 915	-		
	~ -	1 4.0 001	- ~ -	301310	•		

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At the close of the fiscal year ending August 31, 2019, the District's governmental funds reported a fund balance of \$2,446,079. This compares to a combined fund balance of \$1,217,969 at August 31, 2018. The fund balance in the general fund of \$1,869,874 increased by \$1,080,104 during the fiscal year including prior period adjustment. The increase can be attributed largely to an increase in property tax revenue as a result of a rise in property valuations. The fund balance in the debt service fund of \$476,710 increased by \$68,106.

# General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In accordance with State law and generally accepted accounting principles, the District prepares an annual budget for the general fund, the food service special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. Special revenue funds have budgets approved by the funding agency and are amended throughout the year as required.

During the period ended August 31, 2019, the District amended its budget as required by State law and to reflect current levels of revenue and anticipated expenses. The general fund's actual revenues were more than budgeted revenues by \$514,928. Total general fund budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$213,688 with the largest positive variances in instruction and curriculum and staff development.

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are generally defined as those items that have useful lives of two years or more and have an initial cost or value (if donated) of an amount determined by the Board. During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the District used a capitalization threshold of \$5,000, which means that all capital type assets, including library books, with a cost or initial value of less than \$5,000 were not included in the capital assets inventory.

At August 31, 2019, the District had a total of \$1,347,523 net invested in capital assets (net of depreciation) such as land, construction in progress, buildings, and District equipment. This total includes \$6,300 invested during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019.

More detailed information about the District's capital assets can be found in note 3.B. to the financial statements.

### Long-term Debt

At year end, the District had \$9,300,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding versus \$9,443,840 last year. The District paid \$143,840 in principal payments during the year.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in note 3.C. to the financial statements.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND THE NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The District's budgeted expenditures for the 2019-2020 school year total \$5,522,487, and the District's Board adopted a Maintenance and Operations tax rate of \$1.0400 and an Interest and Sinking rate of \$0.19408 for a combined rate of \$1.23408 per \$100 of valuation.

### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office at 7282 Fort Worth, Iola, Texas 77861 or by calling 936.394.2361.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2019

# EXHIBIT A-1

DATA CONTROL CODES		1 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
	ASSETS	
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1 984 369
1225	Property taxes receivable (net allowance of \$71,363)	166 514
1240	Due from other governments	663 806
1290	Other receivables (net)	3 500
	• •	
	Capital Assets:	
1510	Land	466 540
1520	Buildings and improvements, net	10 509 621
1530	Equipment and vehicles, net	355 877
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	14 150 227
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
	Deferred charge on refunding	289 018
	Deferred outflows - Pensions	865 524
	Deferred outflows - OPEB	268 694
1700	TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	1 423 236
	TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	15 573 463
	LIABILITIES	
2160	Accrued wages payable	123 064
2140	Interest payable	11 690
2165	Accrued liabilities	52 049
2200	Accrued expenditures	30 483
2516	Premium on bond issue	658 374
2501	Due within one year	340 000
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2502	Due in more than one year	8 960 000
2540	Net pension liability	1 400 509
2545	Net OPEB liability	1 920 350
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES	13 496 519
	DEFERRED INFLOWS	
	Deferred inflows - Pension	196 602
	Deferred inflows - OPEB	607 261
2600	TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	803 863
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	14 300 382
	NET POSITION	
3200	Net investment in capital assets	2 321 056
	Restricted for:	
3820	Federal and state programs	99 495
3850	Debt service	476 710
3900	Unrestricted	(1 624 180)
3000	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ <u>1 273 081</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.



# IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

# EXHIBIT B-1

									NET (EXPENSE)
			1		3		4		REVENUE AND
				-	PROG	RAM	REVENUES		CHANGES IN
DATA					CHARGES		OPERATING	-	NET ASSETS
CONTROL					FOR		GRANTS AND		GOVERNMENTAL
CODES	FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		EXPENSES		SERVICES		CONTRIBUTIONS		ACTIVITIES
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	3 366 504	\$	-	\$	490 651	\$	(2 875 853)
12	Instructional resources and								
	media services		61 810		-		14 240		(47 570)
13	Curriculum/instructional								
	staff development		53 949		-		-		(53 949)
23	School leadership		287 143		-		27 156		(259 987)
31	Guidance, counseling, and								
	evaluation services		101 695		-		9 607		(92 088)
33	Health services		55 974		-		-		(55 974)
34	Student (pupil) transportation		245 659		-		15 501		(230 158)
35	Food services		342 553		169 225		177 087		3 759
36	Extracurricular activities		348 080		16 613		9 698		(321 769)
41	General administration		349 983		-		28 419		(321 654)
51	Plant maintenance and operations		596 292		-		26 945		(569 347)
52	Security and monitoring services		51 183		-		-		(51 183)
53	Data processing services		18 766		-		-		(18 766)
72	Debt service - Interest on								
	long-term debt		253 555		-		-		(253 555)
73	Bond issuance costs and fees		900		-		-		(900)
93	Payments to fiscal agent/member								
	districts of SSA		43 037		-		-		(43 037)
99	Other intergovernmental charges	_	109 899		-		-		(109 899)
TG	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL								
	ACTIVITIES	\$_	6 286 982	\$	185 838	\$	799 304	-	(5 301 840)
		Gei	neral Revenues	s:					
	MT		Property taxe	s, le	vied for gen	eral	purposes		3 397 908
	DT		Property taxe	s, le	vied for deb	t se	rvice		639 218
	IE		Investment ea						43 970
	GC	Grants and contributions not restricted							2 037 663
	MI		Miscellaneou	s loc	cal and inter	rme	diate revenue		66 406
	TR		TOTAL GE	NEF	AL REVENU	JES		-	6 185 165
	CN				ET POSITIO			•	883 325
	NB	Beş	ginning net pos	sitio	n			•	301 915
	PP		or period adjus						87 841
			BEGINNIN	G N	ET POSITIO	N, F	RESTATED		389 756
	NE				- ENDING			\$	1 273 081

# IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS August 31, 2019

EXHIBIT C-1

			10		50				98
DATA CONTROL CODES	_	_	GENERAL FUND		DEBT SERVICE FUND		NON- MAJOR GOVERN- MENTAL	_	TOTAL GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1 414 559	\$	476 710	\$	93 100	\$	1 984 369
1225	Taxes receivable		137 073		29 441		-		166 514
1240	Due from other governments		649 099		-		14 707		663 806
1260	Due from other funds		8 312		-		-		8 312
1290	Other receivables	-	3 500		-		-	_	3 500
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2 212 543	\$	506 151	\$	107 807	\$	2 826 501
	LIABILITIES Liabilities:								
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings	\$	52 049	\$	_	\$	_	\$	52 049
2160	Accrued wages payable		123 064	·	_		_		123 064
2170	Due to other funds		<del>-</del>		_		8 312		8 312
2200	Accrued expenditures		30 483						30 483
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	205 596	-	-		8 312	_	213 908
	DEFERRED INFLOWS								
2600	Unavailable revenue - Property taxes	_	137 073		29 441		-		166 514
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
	DEFERRED INFLOWS	-	342 669		29 441		8 312		380 422
	FUND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balances:								
3480	Debt service		-		476 710		-		476 710
3450	State and federal grants		-		-		99 495		99 495
3600	Unassigned	_	1 869 874		-				1 869 874
3000	TOTAL FUND BALANCE		1 869 874		476 710		99 495	_	2 446 079
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	-				•		_	
	INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2 212 543	\$	506 151	\$	107 807	\$	2 826 501

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.



# IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2019

EXHIBIT C-1R TOTAL FUND BALANCES FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS 2 446 079 Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. 11 332 038 Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are recorded as unavailable in the funds. 166 514 Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. (9 300 000) Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. (11690)Bond premiums amortized in the Statement of Net Position but not in the funds.  $(658\ 374)$ Deferred charge on refunding is amortized in the Statement of Net Position but not in the funds. 289 018 Some liabilities, including net pension and OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  $(3\ 320\ 859)$ Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pension and OPEB are applicable to future periods and therefore, are not reported in the funds. 330 355 NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATEMENT OF **NET POSITION** 1 273 081

# IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

EXHIBIT C-2

			10		50				98
DATA CONTROL CODES	Paragraph		GENERAL FUND		DEBT SERVICE FUNDS		NON- MAJOR GOVERN- MENTAL	_	TOTAL GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS
5700	Revenues: Local, intermediate and out-of-state	\$	3 521 889	\$	651 335	\$	169 225	\$	4 342 449
5800	State program revenues	Ψ	2 009 597	Ψ	13 081	*	83 459	~	2 106 137
5900	Federal program revenues		14 985		-		308 112		323 097
5020	TOTAL REVENUES		5 546 471	- :	664 416		560 796	-	6 771 683
	Expenditures:								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		2 495 602		_		173 553		2 669 155
0012	Instructional resources		50 00_				1.0 000		2 000 100
**	and media services		41 441		_		10 000		51 441
0013	Curriculum and staff development		53 949		_		-		53 949
0023	School leadership		247 829		_		_		247 829
0031	Guidance, counseling and								
	evaluation services		87 426		_		_		87 426
0033	Health services		55 003		_		_		55 003
0034	Student (pupil) transportation		198 909		_		_		198 909
0035	Food services		-		_		303 326		303 326
0036	Extracurricular activities		199 624		_		_		199 624
0041	General administration		297 623		_		_		297 623
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		538 801		_		_		538 801
0052	Security and monitoring services		51 183		_		_		51 183
0053	Data processing services		18 766		_		_		18 766
0071	Principal		86 659		60 000		_		146 659
0072	Interest		-		528 850		_		528 850
0073	Bond Issuance costs and fees		_		900		_		900
0093	Shared services arrangements		43 037		_		_		43 037
0099	Other intergovernmental charges		109 899		_		_		109 899
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4 525 751		589 750		486 879	=	5 602 380
1100	PAGEOG (PERMONANA)								
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF								
	REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1 000 700		71.666		72.017		1 160 202
	EXPENDITURES		1 020 720		74 666		73 917	-	1 169 303
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
7915	Transfer in		39 295		_		_		39 295
8911	Transfer out		_		$(39\ 295)$		-		(39 295)
7080	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING			-	,			-	
	SOURCES (USES)		39 295		(39 295)		-		
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1 060 015		35 371		73 917	-	1 169 303
0100	Fund balance - Beginning		789 770		408 604		19 595		1 217 969
	Prior period adjustment		20 089		32 735		5 983		58 807
0100	FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING, RESTATED		809 652		441 339		25 578	_	1 276 776
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	1 869 874	\$	476 710	\$	99 495	\$	2 446 079

# IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

EXHIBIT C-3

	milbii o o
\$	1 169 303
	(522 587)
	6 300
	(9 109)
	(1 713)
	423 667
	(190 526)
_	(182 536)
\$	883 325

# IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS August 31, 2019

# EXHIBIT E-1

	AGENCY
	FUND STUDENT
	ACTIVITY
ASSETS	ACTIVITI
Cash and cash equivalents	\$71 460
TOTAL ASSETS	71 460
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	71 460
TOTAL LIABILITIES	71 460
NET POSITION	
Held in trust	_
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. The Reporting Entity

Iola Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of the Texas Education Agency's (TEA) Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

The District is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by a board elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations, and is considered a primary government. As required by GAAP, basic financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the District's financial reporting entity. No other entities have been included in the District's reporting entity. Additionally, as the District is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

### B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately.

### C. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonable equivalent in value to the interfund services provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

### D. <u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements</u>

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest on all long-term debt of the District. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. While the debt service fund does not meet the requirements to be considered a major fund, it is reported as such due to its significance.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service. The restricted or committed proceeds of specific revenue sources comprise a substantial portion of the inflows of these special revenue funds. Most federal and some state financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund.

The *fiduciary funds* account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District has the following type of fiduciary funds:

The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for the District's student activity funds.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Property taxes, grant revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### 2. Investments

Investments, except for certain investment pools, commercial paper, money market funds, and investment contracts, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost. Money market funds, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and commercial paper that have a remaining maturity of one year or less upon acquisition, are reported at amortized cost. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposits, are reported at cost.

The District has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. In summary, the District is authorized to invest in the following:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government
- Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts
- Statewide investment pools and commercial paper.

### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies on balance sheet are stated at weighted average cost, while inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Agriculture. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Supplies are used for almost all functions of activity, while food commodities are used only in the food service program. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Agriculture and recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount. Inventories also include plant maintenance and operation supplies, as well as instructional supplies.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

	Estimated
Asset Description	Useful Life
Buildings and improvements	40 years
Building improvements (including infrastructure)	20 years
Vehicles	10 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	7 to 30 years

### 5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

### 6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements until due. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, net of the applicable premium or discount and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. In the governmental fund types, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. However, claims and judgments paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable, available financial resources.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with the interest earned in the debt service fund.

#### 7. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### 8. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 9. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governmental or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted fund balance.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The District's Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The District's Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

### 10. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.



### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### 11. Data Control Codes

The data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the Resource Guide. The TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the TEA in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

### 12. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported in fair value.

### 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

### G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

### 1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applications who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

### 2. Property Taxes

All taxes due to the District on real or personal property are payable at the Office of the Tax Assessor-Collector and may be paid at any time after the tax rolls for the year have been completed and approved, which is no later than October 1. Taxes are due by January 31, and all taxes not paid prior to this date are deemed delinquent and are subject to such penalty and interest.

Property taxes attach as enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are payable prior to the next February 1. District property tax revenues are recognized when collected.



### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. The original budget is adopted by the District prior to the beginning of the year. The legal level of control is the function code stated in the approved budget. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year, excluding capital project budgets.

In accordance with State law and generally accepted accounting standards, the District prepares an annual budget for the general fund, the national school lunch and breakfast program special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. The District budgets the capital projects fund for each *project*, which normally covers multiple years. Special revenue funds have budgets approved by the funding agency and are amended throughout the year as required.

During the year, the District amended its budget as required by State law and to reflect current levels of revenue and anticipated expenditures. There were no material changes between the original budget and the final amended budget.

### NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

As of August 31, 2019, the District had the following investments:

		WEIGHTED
		AVERAGE
		MATURITY
INVESTMENTS	AMOUNT	DAYS
TexPool	\$ 104 260	22
Lone Star	1 291 532	41
Certificates of deposit	200 000	284
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	\$ 1 595 792	

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and invest operating funds primarily in short-term securities.

Custodial risk. The District's policy requires that investment pools must be rated no lower than "AAA" or "AAA-m". Bankers' acceptances must be issued in the United States and carry a rating of "A1"/"P1" as provided by two of the top nationally recognized rating agencies. As of August 31, 2019, the District's investments in TexPool and Lone Star were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's. All other investments are guaranteed (either express or implied) by the full faith and credit of the United States Government or the issuing U.S. agency.

Custodial credit risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy requires funds on deposits at the depository bank to be collateralized. As of August 31, 2019, checking and time deposits were entirely insured or collateralized with securities as provided by State laws and regulations and FDIC insurance.



### NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Custodial credit risk - Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party in the event of the failure of the counterparty. The District's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeep securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, shall be conducted on a delivery versus payment basis or commercial book entry system as utilized by the Federal Reserve and shall be protected through the use of a third-party custody/safekeeping agent.

#### TexPool

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State of Texas as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities, of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rates TexPool "AAAm". As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review.

TexPool is an external investment pool measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, TexPool must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity, and diversification requirements within TexPool. TexPool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has weighted average maturities of 60 days or less, and weighted average lives of 120 days or less. Investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, have no more than five percent of portfolio with one issuer (excluding U.S. government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. TexPool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. TexPool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium, or national state of emergency that affects TexPool's liquidity.

### **Lone Star**

The Lone Star Investment Pool ("Lone Star") is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the Board of Trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and nonmembers. Lone Star is rated "AAA" by Standard & Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight, and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government Overnight Plus maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net asset value of \$0.50.

# NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

# B. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities at year end is as follows:

		BEGINNING				ENDING
	_	BALANCES	INCREASES	DECREASES	_	BALANCES
Governmental Activities:					-	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$	466 540	\$ -	\$ -	\$	466 540
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING						
DEPRECIATED	_	466 540	-	_	_	466 540
Other Capital Assets:						
Buildings and improvements		16 240 578	_	-		16 240 578
Equipment		896 747	6 300	_		903 047
Vehicles	_	1 185 508	 -	_	_	1 185 508
TOTAL OTHER CAPITAL ASSETS	_	18 322 833	6 300	_	_	18 329 133
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements		(5 277 670)	(453 287)	-		(5 730 957)
Equipment		(684 499)	(44 990)	-		(729 489)
Vehicles	_	(978 879)	 (24 310)	-	_	(1 003 189)
TOTAL ACCUMULATED						
DEPRECIATION	_	(6 941 048)	(522 587)	-	_	(7 463 635)
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING						
DEPRECIATED, NET	_	11 381 785	 (516 287)	-	_	10 865 498
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL						
ASSETS, NET	\$_	11 848 325	\$ (516 287)	\$ _	\$_	11 332 038

# Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 308 062
Instructional resources and media services	4 230
Curriculum and staff development	
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	361
Health services	971
Student (pupil) transportation	24 310
Food service	14 234
Extracurricular activities	134 417
General administration	11 218
Plant maintenance and operations	 24 784
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	\$ 522 587

# C. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the District's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year. In general, the District uses the debt service fund to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities

GOVERNMENT	AL ACTIVITIES		BEGINNING BALANCE	_	ADDITIONS	_	(REDUCTIONS)		ENDING BALANCE		AMOUNTS DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
Bonds Payable:											
Series 2009	3.00 - 4.625%	\$	550 000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	550 000	\$	185 000
Series 2016,											
refunding	2.00 - 4.00%		8 810 000		-		(60 000)		8 750 000		155 000
Bus lease	3.79%		83 840		-		(83 840)		-		-
TOTAL BO	NDS PAYABLE	-	9 443 840	_	-		(143 840)	_	9 300 000		340 000
Other Liabilities:		-		_				_			
Net issuance	premiums										
(discounts)	_		691 293		-		(32 919)		658 374		-
Accreted inter	rest		257 933		62 067		(320 000)		-		-
Net pension li	ability		861 273		539 236		-		1 400 509		-
Net OPEB liab	oility		1 585 375		334 975		-		1 920 350		-
TOTAL GO	VERNMENTAL	-		-		-		_		-	
ACTIVITI	ES	\$	12 839 714	\$	936 278	\$	(496 759)	\$	13 279 233	\$	340 000

# NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

The annual requirements to amortize debt issues outstanding at year end were as follows:

	_	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS							
YEAR ENDED						TOTAL			
AUGUST 31	_	PRINCIPAL	_	INTEREST	_	REQUIREMENTS			
2020	\$	340 000	\$	262 825	\$	602 825			
2021		350 000		250 625		600 625			
2022		370 000		238 000		608 000			
2023		380 000		223 950		603 950			
2024		395 000		208 450		603 450			
2025-2029		2 810 000		828 263		3 008 263			
2030-2034		2 475 000		538 064		3 013 064			
2035-2036	_	2 810 000		203 076	_	3 013 076			
TOTAL	\$	9 300 000	\$	2 753 253	\$	12 053 253			

### D. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

The District has various operating lease agreements for copiers. Rental expenditures recognized by the District for the fiscal year are as follows:

Rental expenditures in 2019 \$ 25 000

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases as of August 31, 2019:

YEAR ENDED		
AUGUST 31	_	COPIERS
2020	\$	13 868
2021		13 868
2022		13 868
TOTAL MINIMUM RENTALS	\$	41 604

### E. Interfund Transactions

The following is a summary of the District's interfund transactions for the year:

DUE TO FUND	DUE FROM FUND	 AMOUNT
General fund	Textbook fund	\$ 8 312
		\$ 8 312

Amounts recorded as due to/from are considered to be temporary loans and will be repaid during the following year.

Amount transferred between funds is related expenditures for temporary loan.

TRANSFERS FROM	TRANSFERS TO	 AMOUNT	
Debt service	General fund	\$ 39 295	
		\$ 39 295	



# NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

## F. Oil and Gas Lease Agreement

On January 13, 2012, the District entered into a two-year lease agreement, (the "Agreement") with the option to extend for an additional year, with Petromax Production, LLC for purposes of exploring; drilling and operating for; and producing and owning oil, gas, and other minerals on District-owned property. The District has the option to extend the agreement each year. The District will receive royalties of 23% of the production of oil, gas, and other substances. During the year, the District received \$750 for the lease of these mineral rights.

### NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

### A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District purchases commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

### B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed, or not performed correctly, it could result in a substantial liability to the District. Although the District does not anticipate that it will have any arbitrage liability, it periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with IRS rules and regulations.

### NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

### C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

### Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefit and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and Required Supplementary Information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

### Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service requirement is at age 65 five years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with five years of service credit or early than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes, including automatic cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs). Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan Description above.

#### Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than six percent for the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than six percent and not more than ten percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

### NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83<sup>rd</sup> Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates. The 85<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019.

CONTRIBUTION RATES	_	2018	2019
Member	_	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contribution Entity (State)		6.8%	6.8%
Employers		6.8%	6.8%
2019 Employer Contributions	\$	70 755	
2019 Member Contributions	\$	246 397	
2018 NECE On-behalf Contributions	\$	184 440	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and GAA.

As the NECE for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational, and general or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- When employing a retiree of TRS, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

### NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	6.907%
Long-term Expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases Including Inflation	3.05% to 9.05%
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was eight percent. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The longterm rate of return on pension plan investments is eight percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are summarized below:

ASSET CLASS		TARGET ALLOCATION*	LONG-TERM EXPECTED GEOMETRIC REAL RATE OF RETURN	EXPECTED CONTRIBUTION TO LONG-TERM PORTFOLIO RETURNS**
Global Equity	U.S.	18.0%	5.70%	1.04%
- •	Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	6.90%	0.90%
	Emerging Markets	9.0%	8.95%	0.80%
	Directional Hedge Funds	4.0%	3.53%	0.14%
	Private Equity	13.0%	10.18%	1.32%
Stable Value	U.S. Treasuries	11.0%	1.11%	0.12%
	Absolute Return	0.0%	0%	0.0%
	Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.0%	3.09%	0.12%
	Cash	1.0%	(0.30)%	0.0%
Real Return	Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3.0%	0.70%	0.02%
	Real Assets	16.0%	5.21%	0.73%
	Energy and Natural Resources	3.0%	7.48%	0.37%
	Commodities	0.0%	0%	0.0%
Risk Parity	Risk Parity	5.0%	3.70%	0.18%
•	Inflation Expectation			2.30%
	Alpha			(0.79)%
Total		100.0%		7.25%

Target allocations are based on the FY2016 policy model.

<sup>\*</sup> The Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.



### NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments was 7.25 percent. The annual money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was one percent less than and one percent greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1	% DECREASE	DISCOUNT	1% INCREASE
	I	N DISCOUNT	RATE	IN DISCOUNT
	F	ATE (5.907%)	(6.907%)	RATE (7.907%)
District proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$	2 113 704	\$ 1 400 509	\$ 823 136

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,400,509 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
collective net pension liability	\$ 1 400 509
State's proportionate share that is	
associated with the District	3 015 474
TOTAL	\$ 4 415 983

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018. At August 31, 2018 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0025% which was an increase of 0.0027% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

**Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation** - The following changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.

Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.

The discount rate changed from 8.0 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907 percent as of August 31, 2018.

The long term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0 percent to 7.25 percent.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$298,452 and revenue of \$298,452 for support provided by the State.



### NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
Differences between expected and actual	_	RESOURCES		RESOURCES
economic experience	\$	8 730	\$	34 363
Changes in actuarial assumptions		504 951		15 780
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		72 783		99 357
Changes in proportion and difference between the				
employer's contributions and the proportionate				
share of contributions		208 305		47 102
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the				
measurement date		70 755		-
TOTAL	\$	865 524	\$	196 602

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

YEAR ENDED	PENSION
AUGUST 31,	<b>EXPENSE</b>
2020	\$ 168 150
2021	\$ 112 225
2022	\$ 95 878
2023	\$ 96 218
2024	\$ 75 481
Thereafter	\$ 50 215

### D. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

### **Plan Description**

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701-2698; or by calling 512.542.6592.

### **Benefits Provided**

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.



#### NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for the average retiree with Medicare coverage.

<b>TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees</b> January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2018									
		Medicare		Non-Medicare					
Retiree*	\$	135	\$	200					
Retiree and Spouse		529		689					
Retiree* and Children		468		408					
Retiree and Family		1 020		999					

<sup>\*</sup> or surviving spouse

#### **Contributions**

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

#### Contribution Rates

	2018	2019
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
2019 Employer Contributions \$	24 596	
2019 Member Contributions \$	20 800	
2018 NECE On-behalf Contributions \$	41 450	



#### NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. The 85<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature, House Bill 30 provided an additional \$212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the fiscal years 2018 - 19 biennium to continue to support the program. This was also received in fiscal year 2018 bringing the total appropriations received in fiscal year 2018 to \$394.6 million.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:**

Valuation Date August 31, 2018

Methods and Assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.3%

Single Discount Rate 3.69% as of August 31, 2018

Demographic Assumptions Based on the experience study performed for the Teachers Retirement System of

Texas of the period ending August 31, 2017.

Mortality Assumption The active mortality rates were based on 90% of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality

Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection scale ("U-MP").

Healthcare Trend Rates Initial medical trend rates of 107.74% and 9.00% for Medicare retirees and initial

medical trend rate of 6.75% for non-Medicare retirees. Initial prescription drug trend rate of 11.00% for all retirees. The first year medical trend for Medicare retirees (107.74%) reflects the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. Initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50% over a period of 9 years.

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and 75% participation after age

65

Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience.

Expenses Third party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are

included in the age-adjusted claims costs.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation

Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

**Other Information:** There was a significant plan change adopted in fiscal year ending August 31, 2018. Effective January 1, 2018, only one health plan option will be offered and all retirees will be required to contribute monthly premiums for coverage. Assumption changes made for the August 31, 2017 valuation include a change to the assumption regarding the phase-out of the Medicare Part D subsidies and a change to the discount rate from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018.

#### NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

#### **Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of 0.27 % in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to *not be able to* make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### **Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis**

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.69%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase
in Discount		Single Discount		in Discount
Rate (2.69%)		Rate (3.69%)	_	Rate (4.69%)
	-			
2 285 876	\$	1 920 350	\$	1 631 195

#### Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability of TRS-Care using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent less than or one percent higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase
in Healthcare		Healthcare		in Healthcare
Cost Trend Rate		Cost Trend Rate		Cost Trend Rate
7.5%	_	8.5%	_	9.5%
\$ 1 594 882	\$	1 920 350	\$	2 348 999

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,920,350 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provide to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective	
net OPEB liability	\$ 1 920 350
State's proportionate share that is associated with	
the District	3 004 359
TOTAL	\$ 4 924 709



#### NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018, the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0038% which was an increase of .0002 from August 31, 2017.

**Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation** - The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

The following assumptions and other inputs which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- 1. Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- 2. The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- 3. Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- 4. The discount rate was changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.
- 5. Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date Please see the 2018 TRS CAFR, page 68, section G. for a list of changes made effective September 1, 2017 by the 85<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$109,281 and revenue of \$109,281 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of TRS-Care's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual	_		-	_
economic experience	\$	101 906	\$	30 306
Changes in actuarial assumptions		32 045		576 955
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		336		-
Changes in proportion and difference between				
the employer's contributions and the proportionate				
share of contributions		109 811		-
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the				
measurement date		24 596		-
TOTAL	\$	268 694	\$	607 261
	_			

#### NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPEB
YEAR ENDED	<b>EXPENSE</b>
AUGUST 31,	AMOUNT
2020	\$ (61 919)
2021	\$ $(61\ 919)$
2022	\$ $(61\ 919)$
2023	\$ $(61\ 983)$
2024	\$ $(62\ 019)$
Thereafter	\$ $(53\ 404)$

The Medicare Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA) created an outpatient prescription drug benefit program (known as Medicare Part D) and a Retiree Drug Subsidy (RDS) program which were made available in 2006. The Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) is offering a Medicare Part D Plan and is participating in the Retiree Drug Subsidy plan for eligible TRS-Care participants. Under Medicare Part D and the RDS program, TRS-Care received payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. On-behalf payments must be recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by each reporting entity. The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll reported by all participating reporting entities. TRS based this allocation percentage on the "completed" report submissions by reporting entities for the month of May. For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$13,155, \$10,290, and \$9,794, respectively.

#### E. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the "Plan"). The District paid premiums of \$225 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement. The contract between the District and the insurer is renewable and terms of coverage and premiums costs are included in the contractual provisions. The contract between the District and the insurer is renewable September 1, 2019 and terms of coverage and premiums costs are included in the contractual provisions.

#### F. Workers' Compensation Insurance

During the year ended August 31, 2019, employees of the District were covered by a self-funded workers' compensation plan (the "Plan"). The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third-party administrator, Claims Administrative Services (CAS), is renewable September 1, 2018, and the terms of coverage and contributions costs are included in the contractual provisions.

In accordance with state statutes, the District was protected against unanticipated catastrophic individual coverage or aggregate loss by reinsurance coverage carried through Midwest Employers Casualty, a commercial insurer licensed or eligible to do business in the state of Texas in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code. Reinsurance coverage was in effect for individual loss claims exceeding \$1,000,000 and for aggregate claims with a statutory minimum of \$5,000,000. According to CAS, the District had a total of \$30,483 in unpaid claims and \$10,583 in claims incurred but not reported at August 31, 2019.



#### NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

The claim liability is based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate of claims which have been incurred, but not reported based on historical experience. Changes in the claims liability for workers' compensation benefits for the current and prior fiscal years are summarized below:

	_	FISC	AL Y	EAR
		2019		2018
Claims liability at beginning of year	\$	29 034	\$	24 059
Current year claims and estimated changes		6 707		8 198
Claims payments	_	$(5\ 258)$		(3 224)
CLAIMS LIABILITY AT YEAR END	\$	30 483	\$	29 034

#### G. Unemployment Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2019, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the"Fund"). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop-loss coverage for the unemployment compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2019, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February o the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2018 are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

#### H. Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in an SSA for the education of career and technology students, funded under Title II, Basic Grant Career and Technology Education Program. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Education Service Center - Region VI, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent is responsible for part of the financial activities of the SSA. Region VI is reporting \$5,131 as expenditures incurred on behalf of the District.

#### NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

The District participates in an SSA for the improvement of the education of limited English proficient children funded under ESEA Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancement. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Education Service Center - Region VI, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent is responsible for part of the financial activities of the SSA. Region VI is reporting \$234 as expenditures incurred on behalf of the District.

#### NOTE 5 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 19, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### NOTE 6 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During prior period, the District had not recognized a Foundation receivable for the days worked in August, in the General Fund. The claims receivable for the child nutrition program was not recognized as a receivable in the prior year. Additionally, the District adjusted for a correction to the beginning balance of cash for the Debt Service fund. Therefore, the District has recorded the adjustments and increased the general fund, child nutrition fund, and debt service fund balances by the amounts below.

Additionally, during the prior period the liability for workers' compensation was included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position and not in the general fund. Therefore, the District has recorded the adjustment and increased the general fund fund balance by the amount below.

AD HICTMENT

								TO GOVERNMENT		
				CHILD	DEBT	RESTATED GOVERN-		WIDE		COMEDNIMENT
		GENERAL FUND		NUTRITION FUND	SERVICE FUND	MENTAL FUNDS		MADE IN PRIOR YEAR		GOVERNMENT WIDE ADJUSTMENT
Fund balances/NP Beginning Prior period	\$	789 770	\$	16 942	\$ 408 604	\$ 1 217 969	\$	-	\$	301 915
adjustment		20 089		5 983	32 735	58 807		29 034		87 841
FUND BALANCES/NP - BEGINNING,	-		_						-	_
ADJUSTED	\$	809 859	\$_	22 925	\$ 441 339	\$ 1 276 776	\$_	29 034	\$	389 756

	REQUIRED S	UPPLEMENTA	ARY INFORMA	ΓΙΟΝ	
Required supplementary in Governmental Accounting statements.	oformation incl Standards B	ludes financia loard, but n	al information ot considered	and disclosures a part of the	required by the basic financial



#### IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

#### EXHIBIT G-1

DATA			1		2		3		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
CONTROL		_	BUDGET	ED A	MOUNTS	_			POSITIVE
CODES	_	_	ORIGINAL	_	FINAL		ACTUAL	_	(NEGATIVE)
	Revenues:								
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	3 394 859	\$	3 394 589	\$	3 521 889	\$	127 300
5800	State program revenues		1 405 132		1 636 954		2 009 597		372 643
5900	Federal program revenue	_	_	_	-		14 985	_	14 985
5020	TOTAL REVENUES	_	4 799 991		5 031 543		5 546 471	_	514 928
	Expenditures:								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		2 591 055		2 593 835		2 495 602		98 233
0012	Instructional resources and media								
	services		43 555		43 555		41 441		2 114
0013	Curriculum and instructional								
	staff development		61 263		61 263		53 949		7 314
0023	School leadership		250 005		250 005		247 829		2 176
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation								
	services		89 768		89 768		87 426		2 342
0033	Health services		55 591		55 591		55 003		588
0034	Student (pupil) transportation		190 936		200 936		198 909		2 027
0036	Extracurricular activities		230 778		230 778		199 624		31 154
0041	General administration		294 429		299 429		297 623		1 806
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		586 872		586 872		538 801		48 071
0052	Security and monitoring services		57 211		57 211		51 183		6 028
0053	Data processing services		19 400		19 400		18 766		634
0071	Debt service		87 016		87 016		86 659		357
0093	Payments to fiscal agent/member		0. 010		0. 010		00 003		00.
0030	districts of SSA		60 000		45 000		43 037		1 963
0099	Other intergovernmental charges		118 780		118 780		109 899		8 881
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	4 736 659		4 739 439		4 525 751	<del>-</del>	213 688
	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		60.000		202 104		1 000 700		<b>7</b> 00 616
	OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	63 332		292 104		1 020 720	-	728 616
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
8911	Transfer out	_	-	_	-		39 295	_	39 295
	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
	SOURCES (USES)	_	-		-		39 295	_	39 295
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	_	63 332		292 104		1 060 015	_	767 911
0100	Fund balance - Beginning		809 652		809 652		789 770		_
	Prior period adjustment		-		-		20 089		-
0100	FUND BALANCE -	-						-	
	BEGINNING, RESTATED	_	809 652	_	809 652		809 859	_	
2000	DUND DALANCE, DNDWG	φ	070.004	φ.	1 101 756	de	1.000.074	<b>.</b>	PCP 011
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$_	872 984	\$_	1 101 756	\$_	1 869 874	\$	767 911

See independent auditors' report.



## IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

EXHIBIT G-2

	_	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0025%	0.0026936%	0.0027021%	0.0023701%	0.0013016%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1 400 509	\$ 861 273	\$ 1 021 089	\$ 837 799	\$ 347 676
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	_	3 015 474	1 734 937	2 153 921	2 073 449	1 786 364
TOTAL	\$_	4 415 983	\$ 2 596 210	\$ 3 175 010	\$ 2 911 248	\$ 2 134 040
District's covered-employee payroll**	\$	3 433 469	\$ 3 234 816	\$ 3 139 777	\$ 2 968 286	\$ 2 947 709
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll		40.79%	26.63%	32.52%	28.23%	11.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		73.74%	78.00%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended August 31, 2019:

Changes in Assumptions: See Note 4 for changes.

Changes in Benefit: See Note 4 for changes.

See independent auditors' report.



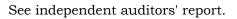
<sup>\*</sup> Only five years' worth of information are currently available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> As of the measurement date.

#### IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

EXHIBIT G-3

	_	2019	_	2018	2017	 2016	 2015	_	2014		2013	_	2012	-	2011	_	2010
Contractually required contribution	\$	70 755	\$	84 577	\$ 88 264	\$ 85 853	\$ 70 322	\$	32 999	\$	29 591	\$	26 106	\$	27 012	\$	29 211
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	(70 755)	_	(84 577)	(88 264)	 (85 853)	 (70 322)	_	(32 999)	. <u>-</u>	(29 591)	_	(26 106)	<u>-</u>	(27 012)	_	(29 211)
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ _	-	\$ _		\$ -	\$ _	\$ 	\$_	-	\$_		\$ _		\$		\$ _	<u>-</u>
District's covered- employee payroll	\$	3 199 964	\$	3 433 469	\$ 3 234 816	\$ 3 139 777	\$ 2 968 286	\$	2 947 709	\$	3 099 909	\$	2 997 759	\$	3 017 384	\$	2 922 199
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		2.21%		2.46%	2.73%	2.73%	2.37%		1.12%		0.95%		0.87%		0.90%		1.00%





# IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF OPEB LIABILITY AND DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

EXHIBIT G-4

District's Proportionate Share of Liability	 2018	 2017
District's proportion of the OPEBL	0.0038%	0.0036457%
District's proportionate share of the OPEBL	\$ 1 920 350	\$ 1 585 375
State share of the OPEBL associated with the District TOTAL	\$ 3 004 359 4 924 709	\$ 2 663 878 4 249 253
District's covered-employee payroll*  Prior FY TRS Gross - September through August	\$ 3 433 469	\$ 3 234 816
Proportionate share/covered payroll	55.93%	49.01%
Plan fiduciary net position/total OPEB liability	1.57%	0.91%
District Contributions	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions to required contribution	\$ 24 596 (24 596)	\$ 26 741 (26 741)
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ -	\$ -
Current fiscal year TRS gross	\$ 3 199 964	\$ 3 433 469
Contributions to covered payroll	0.77%	0.78%

Information provided by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

Notes - See changes in assumptions - Note 4 D.



<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

#### IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION August 31, 2019

#### Budgetary Information

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund and the National School Breakfast and Lunch Fund which is included in the Special Revenue Funds. The District presented the General Fund budgetary comparison schedule as required supplementary information. The Child Nutrition Fund and Debt Service Fund budgetary comparison schedule is presented as required TEA schedules. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenue and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenue and expenditures.

See Note 2 for additional procedures followed in establishing the budget.

#### Pension and OPEB

See Note 4 for changes of assumptions and benefits that affect the pension and OPEB liability.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



#### IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

		2	211		240		255
		E	SEA		NATIONAL		TITLE II
		TI	LE 1		SCHOOL		PART A
		IMPF	OVING		BREAKFAST/		TRAINING
DATA		B	ASIC		LUNCH		AND
CONTROL		Sk	ILLS	_	PROGRAM	_	RECRUITING
CODES	_						
	ASSETS						
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	42 252	\$	-
1240	Due from other government		-	_	6 395	_	
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	-	\$	48 647	\$	
	LIABILITIES						
	Current Liabilities:						
2170	Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	_	\$	
3000	TOTAL LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-	
	FUND BALANCES						
	Restricted Fund Balances:						
3490	Other restricted of fund balance		_		48 647		-
3000	TOTAL FUND BALANCES		-	-	48 647	-	-
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND						
	BALANCES	\$	_	\$	48 647	\$	-

RURAL SCHOOL ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM	TEXTBOOK ALLOTMENT	_	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$ 46 135 -	\$ 4 713 8 312	\$	93 100 14 707
\$ 46 135	\$ 13 025	\$	107 807
\$ 	\$ 8 312	<b>\$</b>	8 312
	8 312	_	8 312
46 135 46 135	4 713 4 713	-	99 495 99 495
\$ 46 135	\$ 13 025	\$	107 807

#### IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

			211		240		255
			ESEA		NATIONAL		TITLE II
			TITLE 1		SCHOOL		PART A
			IMPROVING		BREAKFAST/		TRAINING
DATA			BASIC		LUNCH		AND
CONTROL		_	SKILLS	_	PROGRAM	_	RECRUITING
CODES	_						
	Revenues:						
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$	-	\$	169 225	\$	-
5800	State program revenues		-		11 276		-
5900	Federal program revenues	_	73 919		148 547	_	14 937
5020	TOTAL REVENUES	_	73 919		329 048		14 937
	Exmanditures						
	Expenditures: Current:						
0011			72.010				14.027
0011	Instruction		73 919		-		14 937
0012	Instructional resources and media services		_		-		-
0035	Food services	-	-		303 326	_	
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	=	73 919		303 326		14 937
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-		25 722		
0100	Fund balance - Beginning		-		16 942		-
	Prior period adjustment	_	-		5 983	_	
3000	ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	48 647	\$	-

289 410

RURAL SCHOOL ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM		TEXTBOOK ALLOTMENT	· -	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$ _	\$	-	\$	169 225
-		72 183		83 459
70 709	_	-		308 112
70 709		72 183		560 796
14 574		70 123		173 553
10 000		-		10 000
-		-	_	303 326
24 574		70 123	-	486 879
46 135	•	2 060		73 917
-		2 653		19 595
-		-	. <u>-</u>	5 983
\$ 46 135	\$	4 713	\$	99 495

#### IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

	(1)	(2)	4.00	(3)
LAST 10 YEARS	MAINTENANCE	VA	ESSED/APPRAISAL LUE FOR SCHOOL TAX PURPOSES	
2010 and prior years	Various	Various		Various
2011	1.04	0.4034	\$	157 053 047
2012	1.04	0.4339	\$	164 846 593
2013	0.99	0.3039	\$	237 927 689
2014	1.01	0.2889	\$	286 832 029
2015	1.04	0.2554	\$	300 714 274
2016	1.04	0.2811	\$	288 770 337
2017	1.04	0.3012	\$	258 525 074
2018	1.04	0.2256	\$	288 105 488
2019 (School year under audit)	1.04	0.1941	\$	323 499 044

TOTALS

#### EXHIBIT J-1

-	(10) BEGINNING BALANCE 09/01/2018	 (20) CURRENT PERIOD'S TOTAL LEVY	 (31) MAINTENANCE TOTAL COLLECTED	 (32) DEBT SERVICE COLLECTIONS	 (40) ENTIRE PERIOD'S ADJUSTMENTS	<u>-</u>	(50) ENDING BALANCE 08/31/2019
\$	37 411	\$ -	\$ 3 504	\$ 332	\$ -	\$	33 575
	10 056	-	308	120	(305)		9 323
	10 605	-	128	53	(272)		10 152
	10 413	-	5	2	(239)		10 167
	19 376	-	2 315	664	(253)		16 144
	20 910	-	2 790	686	(253)		17 181
	23 175	-	4 377	1 183	-		17 615
	38 410	-	13 162	3 811	(1 265)		20 172
	77 872	-	29 413	6 372	(10 763)		31 324
-	-	 3 992 237	 3 304 151	 615 846	 (16)	-	72 224
\$_	248 228	\$ 3 992 237	\$ 3 360 153	\$ 629 069	\$ (13 366)	\$	237 877

#### IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

EXHIBIT J-2

DATA CONTROL CODES	-	_	1 BUDGETI	ED <i>A</i>	2 MMOUNTS FINAL		3 ACTUAL AMOUNTS	 VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE OR (NEGATIVE)
	Revenues:							
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	145 000	\$	145 000	\$	169 225	\$ 24 225
5800	State program revenues		2 500		2 500		11 276	8 776
5900	Federal program revenue		148 500	_	148 500	_	148 547	47
5020	TOTAL REVENUES	_	296 000	_	296 000		329 048	 33 048
0035 6030	Expenditures: Current: Food service TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	316 000 316 000	· _	316 000 316 000	· -	303 326 303 326	 12 674 12 674
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	_	(20 000)		(20 000)	· -	25 722	 45 722
0100	Fund balance - Beginning		16 942		16 942		16 942	-
	Prior period adjustment	_	5 983	_	5 983		5 983	 -
0100	FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING, RESTATED	_	22 925		22 925		22 925	 
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$_	2 925	\$_	2 925	\$	48 647	\$ 45 722

#### IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

#### EXHIBIT J-3

			1		2		3		VARIANCE WITH FINAL
DATA			BUDGETI	ED A	AMOUNTS	_			BUDGET
CONTROL							ACTUAL		POSITIVE OR
CODES	<u>-</u>	_	ORIGINAL		FINAL		AMOUNTS		(NEGATIVE)
	Revenues:								
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	558 850	\$	558 850	\$	651 335	\$	92 485
5800	State program revenues	_	-		_		13 081	_	13 081
5020	TOTAL REVENUES	_	558 850		558 850		664 416		105 566
	Expenditures:								
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal		60 000		60 000		60 000		_
0071	Interest		528 850		528 850		528 850		_
0072	Bond issuance costs and fees		500		900		900		_
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	589 350	-	589 750		589 750	-	
0000	TOTAL DAI DIVOTTORDO	_	007 000	-	007 700		000 100		_
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND								
	BALANCES	_	(30 500)		(30 900)		74 666		105 566
	041								
8911	Other financing sources (uses): Transfer out						(21.005)		(21.005)
7080	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	_	-	-	-		(31 295)	-	(31 295)
7000							(20, 205)		(21.005)
	SOURCES (USES)	-	-	-			(39 295)		(31 295)
0100	Fund balance - Beginning		408 604		408 604		408 604		-
	Prior period adjustment		32 735		32 735		32 735		-
0100	FUND BALANCE -							_	
	BEGINNING, RESTATED	_	441 339		441 339		441 339		
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	410 839	\$	410 439	\$	476 710	\$	74 271
3000	FOND DALANCE - ENDING	Ψ	+10 009	Ψ	T10 T03	Ψ	770710	Ψ.	17411





# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Iola Independent School District Iola, Texas

#### Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Iola Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2019.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Iola Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Iola Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Iola Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Iola Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lufkin, Texas November 19, 2019

#### IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

#### A. Summary of the Auditor's Results

	1. Financial Statements	
	Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>
	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> None reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesX_ No
В.	<u>Financial Statement Findings</u>	
	None	

#### IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

	FINDING	STATUS	
None			

#### IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

None

#### IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS As of August 31, 2019

Exhibit L-1

DATA CONTROL CODES		_	RESPONSES_
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government- wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$	
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$	-
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$	1 400 509
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year-end.	\$	-

